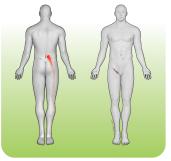
# Sacroiliac joint (SIJ)







Facets (22%)1



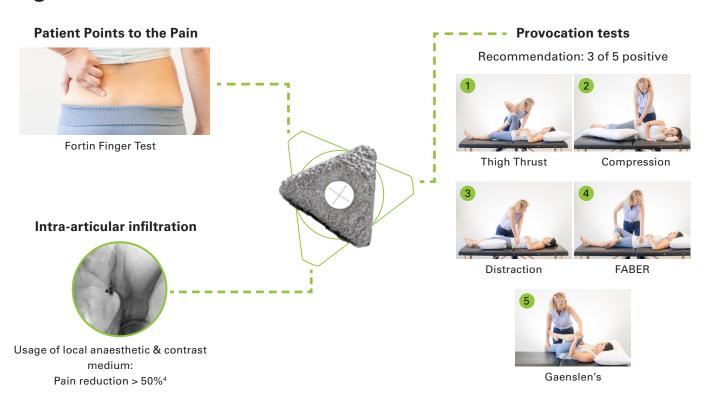
Intervertebral disc (19%)<sup>1</sup>



Hip (14%)<sup>1</sup>

- SIJ pain patterns are similar to hip and spine pathology 1,2
- 5 years after a lumbar fusion, degenerative changes of the SI joint were detected on imaging in 75% of the patients 3

# Diagnosis of SI Joint Disorders



# Study ..

More than 90 publications including randomised and prospective studies verify our approach<sup>5</sup>

Complication rate ~ 3%6





LV. 1, 19 Centres,





LV. 1 9 Centres, n= 103







# **iFuse Product Benefits**

The iFuse Implant System® is developed for sacroiliac joint fusion, including high and low energy fractures of the pelvic ring.

3D surface resembles cancellous bone and facilitates osseointegration<sup>8-10</sup>

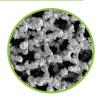


## iFuse-3D Surface

**Porosity** 

65%

Pore size 300 µm



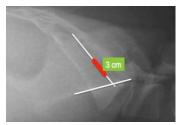
## **Cancellous bone**

**Porosity** 60-70%

Pore size 200 - 400 μm



# **Surgical Technique**



Skin incision (~3cm)



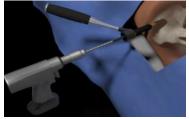
Pin



Soft tissue protector



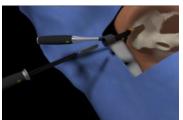
Measure



Drill (optional)



Broach



Inserting the implant



Repeat (2x)

- Bernard TN Jr, Kirkaldy-Willis WH. Recognizing specific characteristics of nonspecific low back pain. *Clin Orthop Relat Res.* 1987 Apr;(217):266-80. PMID: 2951048.
- Sembrano JN, Polly DW Jr. How often is low back pain not coming from the back? Spine (Phila Pa 1976), 2009 Jan 1:34(1):E27-32, DOI: 10.1097/BRS.0b013e31818b8882
- Ha KY, Lee JS, Kim KW. Degeneration of sacroiliac joint after instrumented lumbar or lumbosacral fusion: a prospective cohort study over five year follow up. *Spine*. 2008 May 15;33(11):1192-8.
- Guideline according to ISASS & ASIPP standard.
- www.si-hone.com/results
- Polly DW, Swofford J, Whang PG, Frank CJ, Glaser JA, Limoni RP, Cher DJ, Wine KD, Sembrano JN, and the INSITE Study Group. Int J Spine Surg. 2016;10:Article 28. DOI: 10.14444/3028
- SI-BONE Technical Study 300610-TS (compares iFuse to a 12mm cannulated SI joint screw).
- MacBarb RF, et al. Fortifying the Bone Implant Interface Part 1: An In Vitro Evaluation of 3D Printed and TPS Porous Surfaces. Int J Spine Surg. 2017;11(3):105-15.
- Karageorgiou V, Kaplan D. Porosity of 3D Biomechanical Scaffolds and Osteogenesis. Biomaterials. 2005;26(27):5474-91.
- 10. Hutmacher DW. Scaffolds in Tissue Engineering Bone and Cartilage Biomaterials. 2000;21(24):2529-43
- 11. MacBarb RF, et al. Fortifying the Bone Implant Interface Part 2: An In Vivo Evaluation of 3D Printed and TPS Coated Triangular Implants. Int J Spine Surg. 2017;11(3):116-28.

The iFuse Implant System® is intended for the fusion of the sacroiliac joint. It may not be suitable for all patients, and not every patient needs to benefit from it.

You can find information on the risks at www.si-bone.com/label

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